

**Hundred and seventy-fifth session**

175 EX/21  
PARIS, 1 September 2006  
Original: English

Item 20 of the provisional agenda

**SECOND CONFERENCE OF INTELLECTUALS FROM AFRICA  
AND THE DIASPORA, SALVADOR DE BAHIA, BRAZIL, 12-14 JULY 2006**

**SUMMARY**

This item has been included in the provisional agenda of the 175th session of the Executive Board at the request of Brazil.

An explanatory note together with a proposed decision are attached.

Decision proposed: paragraph 5.

**SECOND CONFERENCE OF INTELLECTUALS  
FROM AFRICA AND THE DIASPORA – CIAD II**

**THE FOLLOW-UP TO THE MEETING HELD AT SALVADOR, BRAZIL**

**Explanatory note**

1. The Second Conference of Intellectuals from Africa and the Diaspora – CIAD II was held in Salvador, capital of the state of Bahia in Brazil, from 12 to 14 July 2006. The meeting was co-chaired by the Minister of Culture of Brazil, Gilberto Gil, representing the Diaspora, and Ms Frene Ginwala, former President of the South African Parliament, representing the African continent.
2. The meeting, whose programme and final Declaration are attached herewith (Annexes I and II), was attended by around 3,500 participants from over 50 countries from Africa and the Diaspora. UNESCO's Secretariat was represented at the Conference by Mr Nouréini Tidjani-Serpos, Assistant Director-General, head of the African Department.
3. CIAD II was conceived as a follow-up to the First Conference of Intellectuals from Africa and the Diaspora, held in Dakar, Senegal in 2004. The purpose of the meetings is to broaden mutual understanding and knowledge and foster greater cooperation for development between Africa and the Diaspora countries. They also highlighted the contribution of African intellectuals and artists, both on the continent and the Diaspora as a vehicle for innovative ideas, development, social transformation and peace.
4. By bringing together intellectuals and policy-makers from all regions of the African continent and the Diaspora to analyse the challenges confronting Africans all over the world, the CIAD is also contributing to promote constructive engagement in favour of African renaissance.
5. During CIAD II, the main theme of which was "The Diaspora and the African Renaissance", it was agreed upon that a greater engagement of the African Diaspora with its historic African roots will assist in overcoming the challenges communities of African origin face in different countries and will contribute to the development of the African continent as a whole.
6. The mutual understanding and the perspectives for cooperation initiated by CIAD I and CIAD II are in full compliance with UNESCO's mandate to create the conditions for genuine dialogue among civilizations based upon respect for shared values and the dignity of each culture. The highly positive outcome of the CIAD process could also contribute to fulfilling the main objectives of UNESCO's policies for Africa.
7. In this sense, the Organization should be able to give its support to the CIAD process, as it was expressly mentioned in the Salvador Declaration whose paragraph VIII recommends that "The United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) should include, in its Programme and Budget for the 2008–2009 biennium, as well as in its Medium-Term Strategy for 2008-2013, support to the CIAD II follow-up activities and other initiatives that foster closer ties between Africa and the Diaspora".

### **Proposed draft decision**

The Executive Board,

1. Recalling the Constitution of UNESCO,
2. Taking note with satisfaction of the outcome of the First Conference of Intellectuals from Africa and the Diaspora (CIAD I) which took place in Dakar, Senegal, from 6 to 9 October 2004,
3. Welcoming the results of the Second Conference of Intellectuals from Africa and the Diaspora (CIAD II), held in Salvador, Brazil from 12 to 14 July, 2006,
4. Recognizing the importance of promoting closer cooperation between Africa and the Diaspora in order to overcome the challenges communities of African origin face in different countries and contribute to the sustainable development of Africa,
5. Taking into account that the CIAD process can provide an important platform for increasing mutual understanding and cooperation between African and Diaspora countries in compliance with UNESCO's mandate and priorities,
6. Bearing in mind paragraph VIII of the Salvador Declaration,
7. Requests the Director-General to continue to support the CIAD process and other initiatives that foster closer ties between Africa and the Diaspora and to take the necessary measures to include in document 34 C/4 and in draft document 34 C/5 the appropriated budgetary provisions to support the CIAD II follow-up activities.

## ANNEX I

### SECOND CONFERENCE OF INTELLECTUALS FROM AFRICA AND THE DIASPORA – CIAD II

#### PROGRAMME

##### I – Plenary

First Round Table (Presidential)

**“The Diaspora and African Renaissance: past contributions and the present project”**

Venue: Convention Centre – Yemanjá Auditorium

Capacity: 1,100 places

Date: 12 July

Time: 10.30 a.m. – 1 p.m.

Moderator:

Iba der Thiam – Vice-President of the National Assembly (Senegal)

Rapporteurs:

Ubiratan Castro de Araújo – President of the Palmares Cultural Foundation (Brazil)

Margaret Vogt – Department of Political Affairs, United Nations (Nigeria)

Presenters:

1. President of Botswana – H.E. Festus Mogae
2. President of Cape Verde – H.E. Pedro Pires
3. President of Equatorial Guinea – H.E. Obiang Nguema Obasango
4. President of Ghana - H.E. John Kufuor
5. President of Senegal – H.E. Abdoulaye Wade
6. Prime Minister of Jamaica – H.E. Portia Simpson Miller
7. Vice-President of Tanzania – H.E. Ali Mohamed Shein
8. Stevie Wonder – singer and songwriter (USA)
9. Chairperson of the African Union Commission – H.E. Alpha Oumar Konaré
10. President of Brazil – H.E. Luiz Inácio Lula da Silva

Second Round Table

**“Gender and equity in Africa and the Diaspora”**

Venue: Convention Centre – Yemanjá Auditorium

Capacity: 1,100 places

Date: 12 July

Time: 3.15 – 5.45 p.m.

Moderator:

Laure Olga Gondjout – Delegate Minister for Foreign Affairs (Gabon)

Rapporteur:

Fatimata Tambadou – Central Bank of West Africa (Mali)

Presenters:

1. Epsy Campbell – economist and congresswoman (Costa Rica)
2. Lydia Dual – sociologist, international consultant to UNESCO (Chad)
3. Mãe Stella de Oxóssi – Iyalorixá, Ilê Axé Opô Afonjá (Brazil)
4. Marema Touré Thiam – CODESRIA (Senegal)
5. Marie Angélique Savané – Committee of Eminent Personalities of the African Peer Review Mechanism (Senegal)
6. Monique Ilboudo – Minister for the Promotion of Human Rights (Burkina Faso)
7. Nilcéia Freire – Minister, Special Secretariat on the Policies for Women (Brazil)
8. Sueli Carneiro – Institute of the Black Women, Geledés (Brazil)
9. Wania Sant’Anna – researcher and political activist (Brazil)

Third Round Table (Nobel Laureates)

**“The need for a political pact between Africa and the Diaspora for peace, democracy and development”**

Venue: Convention Centre – Yemanjá Auditorium

Date: 14 July – Time: 10 a.m. – 1 p.m.

Moderator:

Christine Desouches – Delegate for Peace, Democracy and Human Rights, OIF (France)

Rapporteur:

Jacques d’Adesky – Cândido Mendes University (Brazil)

Presenters:

1. Wangari Maathai – Nobel Laureate of Peace (Kenya)
2. Gilberto Gil – Co-President of CIAD II and Minister of Culture (Brazil)
3. Frene Ginwala – Co-President of CIAD II and Former Speaker of the South African Parliament (South Africa)
4. H.E. António Mascarenhas Monteiro – ex-President of Cape Verde
5. André Azoulay – Royal Councillor (Morocco)
6. Conceptia Ouinsou – President of the Supreme Court (Benin)
7. Daniel Elie – Minister of Culture (Haiti)
8. Djovi Gally – Former Minister for Human Rights, President of the Pan-African Observatory for Democracy (Togo)
9. Edna Maria Santos Roland – Independent Eminent Experts’ Group designated to follow the implementation of the Durban Declaration and Programme of Action (Brazil)
10. Kola Abimbola – Lecturer in Law, University of Leicester
11. Marcelino dos Santos – Member of the State Council (Mozambique)
12. Patrick Mazimhaka – Deputy Chairperson of the African Union Commission
13. Robert Dossou – Former Minister of Foreign Affairs and Cooperation (Benin)

## II – Thematic Groups

### 1. “The humanities as bridges of dialogue between Africa and the Diaspora”

Venue: Federal University of Bahia – Rectory Auditorium

Capacity: 560 seats

Date: 13 July

Moderator:

Domício Proença Filho – Brazilian Academy of Letters (Brazil)

Rapporteur:

Isidore Ndaywell – historian, Honorary Director OIF (Democratic Republic of the Congo)

#### Panel A: “Literature, Arts and African Renaissance”

Time: 9 a.m. – 1 p.m.

1. Alioune Badara Beye – poet and novelist (Senegal)
2. Conceição Evaristo – writer (Brazil)
3. Fabiola Ecot-Ayissi – University Paris VIII (France)
4. Hamidou Dia – writer and philosopher, specialist in L.S. Senghor (Senegal)
5. Joseph Diescho – novelist (Namibia)
6. Kofi Anyidoho – University of Legon, Accra (Ghana)
7. R.F. Bestman – Ile-Ifé University (Nigeria)
8. Tunde Fatunde – playwright, Lagos State University (Nigeria)

#### Panel B: “Philosophy and human sciences in the construction of identity in Africa and the Diaspora”

Time: 3 p.m. – 7 p.m.

1. Akere Muna – Coalition of African Chapters of Transparency International (Cameroon)
2. Ebenezer A. Omoteso – Ile-Ifé University (Nigeria)
3. Jaka Jambo – philosopher, Angolan Ambassador to UNESCO (Angola)
4. Paulin Houtondji – philosopher, University of Benin (Benin)
5. Ubiratan Castro de Araújo – President of the Palmares Cultural Foundation (Brazil)

### 2. “Re-thinking the place of history and of African languages in the educational systems of Africa and the Diaspora”

Venue: Convention Centre – Xangô Auditorium I

Capacity: 100 seats

Date: 13 July

Moderator:

Rosa Cruz e Silva – Director of the National Archives (Angola)

Rapporteur:

Amauri Mendes Pereira – Cândido Mendes University (Brazil)

Panel A: **“History and memory of Africa and the Africans in the Diaspora: a new role in education”**

Time: 9 a.m. – 1 p.m.

1. Adame Ba Konaré – historian (Mali)
2. Becky Ndjoze-Ojo – Deputy Minister of Education (Namibia)
3. F.A. Soyoye – Ile-Ifé University (Nigeria)
4. Folorunsho Adeyinka Olanrewaju – Lagos State University (Nigeria)
5. Petronilha Beatriz Gonçalves e Silva – Federal University of São Carlos (Brazil)
6. Teresinha Bernardo – Catholic University of São Paulo (Brazil)

Panel B: **“African languages in the educational systems in Africa and in the Diaspora”**

Time: 3 p.m. – 7 p.m.

1. Adama Samassekou – President of the African Institute of Languages (Mali)
2. Eric Aseka – Kenyatta University (Kenya)
3. Germando Almeida – writer (Cape Verde)
4. Jolly Mazimhaka – Institute of Science and Technology, AU Commission (Rwanda)
5. Olajide Timothy-Asobele – University of Lagos (Nigeria)
6. Takiyawa Manuh – Director, Centre of African Studies, University of Legon (Ghana)
7. Yeda Pessoa de Castro – Federal University of Bahia (Brazil)

Special guests:

1. José Vicente da Silva – Rector, Zumbi dos Palmares University (Brazil)
2. Mohamed Charfi – Former Minister of Education (Tunisia)
3. Nei Lopes – singer-songwriter, author of the *Encyclopaedia of the Diaspora* (Brazil)

3. **“New trends in the historiography of Africa and the Diaspora”**

Venue: Convention Centre – Xangô Auditorium II

Capacity: 100 seats

Date: 13 July

Moderator:

Alberto da Costa e Silva – Brazilian Academy of Letters (Brazil)

Rapporteur:

Boubacar Barry – University Cheikh Anta Diop (Senegal)

Panel A: **“From the origins to 1850”**

Time: 9 a.m. – 1 p.m.

1. Charles Akibode – historian (Cape Verde)
2. Cornelio Caley – historian (Angola)
3. Luiz Felipe Alencastro – University of Paris IV (Brazil)
4. Paul Zeleza – Penn State University, USA (Malawi)
5. Roquinaldo A. Ferreira – University of Virginia (Brazil)
6. Paulino de Jesus Francisco Cardoso – Santa Catarina State University (Brazil)
7. Paulo Fernando de Moraes Farias – University of Birmingham (Brazil)

Panel B: **“Africa and the Diaspora post-1850”**

Time: 3 – 7 p.m.

1. Adeniji Abolade Olusegun – Lagos State University (Nigeria)
2. Fatou Sarr – CODESRIA (Senegal)
3. Humphrey Lamur – University of Amsterdam (Suriname)
4. Pierre Kipre – historian (Côte d’Ivoire)
5. Sylvia Serbin – historian (Martinique)
6. Toyin Falola – University of Texas, Austin (Nigeria)
7. Valdemir Zamparoni – Universidade Federal da Bahia (Brazil)

Special guest:

José Maria Nunes Pereira – Cândido Mendes University (Brazil)

4. **“Religion, art and cultural heritage”**

Venue: Federal University of Bahia – Museum of Sacred Arts

Capacity: 220 seats

Date: 13 July

Moderator:

Babatunde Lawal – Virginia Commonwealth University, Richmond (Nigeria)

Rapporteur:

Reginaldo Prandi – University of São Paulo (Brazil)

Panel A: **“Orishas, voduns e inkices: tradition, pluralism and diversity”**

Time: 9 a.m. – 1 p.m.

1. Júlio Santana Braga – Federal University of Bahia (Brazil)
2. Mãe Beata de Yemanjá (Beatriz Moreira Costa) – Iyalorixá (Brazil)
3. Max de Beauvoir – Ati of the Fédération Nationale des Vodouisants Haïtiens (Haiti)
4. Natália Bolívar Aróstegui – ethnologist and writer (Cuba)
5. Pai Francelino de Shapanan – Toi Vodunoon (Brazil)
6. Sangodare Gbadegesin Ajala – Priest of Shango (Nigeria)
7. Wande Abimbola – Awise Yoruba and Babalaô (Nigeria)

Panel B: **“Religion, art and culture”**

Time: 3 – 7 p.m.

1. Adedoyin Talabi Faniyi – Priestess of Oshun (Nigeria)
2. Aderibigbe L. Simon – Lagos State University (Nigeria)
3. Carline Viereglin – Fédération Nationale des Vodouisants Haïtiens (Haiti)
4. Ezra Chitando – University of Zimbabwe (Zimbabwe)
5. Félix Ayoh’Omidire – Ilê-Ifé University (Nigeria)
6. Juana Elbein dos Santos – Society for the Studies of Black Culture in Brazil (Brazil)
7. Ousmane Kane – Columbia University, New York (Senegal)



Special guests:

1. Mestre Didi (Deoscoredes M. dos Santos) – artist and Alapini (Brazil)
2. Mohamed Charfi – former Minister of Education, Higher Education and Scientific Research (Tunisia) – OIF
3. Emanuel Araújo – Director, Afro-Brazil Museum (Brazil)

5. **“Mutual knowledge between Africa and the Diaspora: identity and cooperation”**

Venue: Convention Centre – Oxalá Auditorium I

Capacity: 120 seats

Date: 13 July

Moderator:

Ibrahima Fall – Special representative of the United Nations Secretary-General for the Great Lakes Region (Senegal)

Rapporteur:

Nilma Lino Gomes – President of the Brazilian Association of Black Researchers (Brazil)

Panel A: **“Production and exchange of knowledge”**

Time: 9 a.m. – 1 p.m.

1. Adigun Ade Abiodun – Chairman, United Nations Committee on Peaceful Uses of Outer Space, Vienna (Nigeria)
2. Albert Bourgi – Université Reims (Senegal-France)
3. Chentouf Tayeb – University of Oran (Algeria)
4. Ebrima Sall – Council for the Development of Social Science Research in Africa, CODESRIA (Senegal)
5. Gibril Faal – Chairman, African Foundation for Development, AFFORD (UK)
6. Mohamed Bekouchi – Embassy of Morocco in Brazil (Morocco)
7. Wilson Mattos – University of the State of Bahia (Brazil)

Panel B: **“Potential and limits of regional and multilateral cooperation”**

Time: 3 – 7 p.m.

1. Amadi Aly Dieng – Université Cheikh Anta Diop (Senegal)
2. Fajoyomi Sylvester Olubanji – Lagos State University (Nigeria)
3. José Flávio Sombra Saraiva – University of Brasilia (Brazil)
4. J. Michael Turner – New York University (USA)
5. Nouréini Tidjani-Serpos – Assistant Director-General for Africa at UNESCO (Benin)
6. Margaret Vogt – Department of Political Affairs, United Nations (Nigeria)
7. Oumoul Khaïry Niang – sociologist (Senegal)
8. Vaughan Lewis – West Indies University (St Lucia-Trinidad)

6. **“Affirmative action and positive discrimination: public policies and the role of social movements”**

Venue: University of the State of Bahia – Pro-Rectorate of Graduate Studies

Capacity: 220 seats

Date: 13 July

Moderator:

Theophile Obenga – International Centre for Bantu Studies (DR Congo)

Rapporteur:

Shadrack Billy Otworu Gutto – Director, Centre of Studies of African Renaissance, UNISA (South Africa)

Panel A: **“The experience of African and Diaspora countries”**

Time: 9 a.m. – 1 p.m.

1. Adewale M. Aderemi – Lagos State University (Nigeria)
2. Horace Campbell – Syracuse University, New York (Jamaica)
3. James Early – Smithsonian Institution (USA)
4. Jocélio Teles – Federal University of Bahia (Brazil)
5. Kabengele Munanga – University of São Paulo (DR Congo)
6. Micha Gaillard – Responsible for National Dialogue (Haiti)
7. Rudo Gaidzanwa – University of Zimbabwe (Zimbabwe)
8. Shadrack Billy Otworu Gutto – Director, Centre of Studies of African Renaissance, UNISA (South Africa)

Panel B: **“The political-pedagogical role of black consciousness”**

Time: 3 – 7 p.m.

1. Abebe Zegeye – Addis Ababa University (Ethiopia)
2. Antônio Sérgio Guimarães – University of São Paulo (Brazil)
3. A.O. Adeniran – Ile-Ifé University (Nigeria)
4. Christiane Yandé Diop – Director, Editions Présence Africaine (Senegal)
5. Gustavo Makanaky – Assim Bonanga Foundation (Colombia)
6. Jesus “Chucho” Garcia – Afro-Venezuelan Network (Venezuela)
7. Luiza Bairros – Catholic University of Salvador (Brazil)

Special guest:

Maria de Lourdes Siqueira – Cultural Director, Ilê Ayê (Brazil)

7. **“Perspectives of and for the youth in Africa and the Diaspora”**

Venue: Federal University of Bahia – Auditorium of the Old School of Medicine

Capacity: 200 seats

Date: 13 July

Moderator:

Júlio Tavares – Fluminense Federal University (Brazil)

Rapporteur:

Godwin Murunga – Kenyatta University (Kenya)

Panel A: **“Identity, education and social inclusion”**

Time: 9 a.m. – 1 p.m.

1. Bagayogo Issaka – ISFRA, University of Bamako (Mali)
2. Bosco Prince Kanani – Coordinator, HIV-AIDS Programme, CARITAS (Rwanda)
3. Eliane Cavalleiro – General Coordinator for Diversity and Educational Inclusion of the Ministry of Education (Brazil)
4. Ibrahim Abdulla – Fourah Bay College, Freetown (Sierra Leone)
5. Joe Jakes – University of Westminster, UK (Burundi)
6. Nwaboku C. Nwabuno – Lagos State University (Nigeria)
7. Vilma Reis – Federal University of Bahia, CEAFFRO (Brazil)

Panel B: **“The role of new cultural expressions”**

Time: 3 – 7 p.m.

1. Denise A. Campbell – National Action Committee on the Status of Women (Canada)
2. Helder Malauene – Foundation for Community Development (Mozambique)
3. João Jorge Rodrigues – Olodum Cultural Group (Brazil)
4. Michael Eric Dyson – University of Pennsylvania (USA)
5. Ricardo Garrido – producer (Brazil)
6. Toni Garrido – singer, songwriter and actor (Brazil)

Special guest:

Orlando Silva – Minister of Sports (Brazil)

8. **“Economy and society in Africa and the Diaspora: contemporary challenges”**

Venue: Convention Centre – Xangô Auditorium III

Capacity: 100 seats

Date: 13 July

Moderator:

Josephine Ouedraogo – Deputy Executive Secretary United Nations Economic Commission for Africa (Burkina Faso)

Rapporteur:

Simon N’Guiamba – Economic consultant, African Union Commission (Cameroon)

**Panel A: “African Renaissance and globalization”**

Time: 9 a.m. – 1 p.m.

1. Elikia M’Bokolo – Ecole des Hautes Etudes en Sciences Sociales, Paris (DR Congo)
2. François d’Adesky – UNIDO (Rwanda)
3. Jacques d’Adesky – Cândido Mendes University (Brazil)
4. Mamadou Lamine Diallo – historian (Senegal)
5. M. Khalid Naciri – Director, Institut Supérieur de l’Administration (Morocco)
6. Robert Dossou – Former Minister of Foreign Affairs and Cooperation (Benin)
7. Philippe Lavodrama – Afrologia (Central African Republic)
8. Yves Ekoué Amaïzo – UNIDO (Togo/France)

**Panel B: “Re-thinking strategies for social and economic development”**

Time: 3 – 7 p.m.

1. Fernando Heitor – economist (Angola)
2. Jacqueline Ki-Zerbo – Partnership Man-Woman for African Development (Burkina Faso)
3. Jeannine B. Scott – Senior Vice-President, Africare (USA)
4. Madina Ly-Tall – historian, former Ambassador of Mali to France (Mali)
5. Marcelo Paixão – Federal University of Rio de Janeiro (Brazil)
6. Mathieu Mounikou – writer (DR Congo)
7. Omobitan Olufunsho Abyomi – Lagos State University (Nigeria)
8. Sílvio Humberto Passos – Steve Biko Institute (Brazil)

**9. “Perspectives and challenges of cooperation between Africa and the Diaspora in the area of health”**

Venue: Convention Centre – Omolu Auditorium

Capacity: 100 seats

Date: 13 July

Moderator:

Sheila Tlou, Minister of Health and Chairperson of the AU Conference of Ministers of Health (Botswana)

Rapporteur:

Chinua Akukwe – Adjunct Associate Professor in the Departments of Global Health and Prevention and Community Health, Washington, D.C. (Nigeria)

**Panel A: “The fight against HIV-AIDS, malaria and other epidemics”**

Time: 9 a.m. – 1 p.m.

1. Adedokun Olaide – Lagos State University (Nigeria)
2. Laura Segall Corrêa – STD-AIDS Programme, Ministry of Health (Brazil)
3. Marcelo Cerqueira – President, Grupo Gay da Bahia (Brazil)
4. Teresa Cohen – physician, specialist in public health (Angola)
5. Wenceslaus Kilama – The African Malaria Network Trust, AMANET (Tanzania)

Panel B: **“Policies of public healthcare and human resources development”**

Time: 3 – 7 p.m.

1. Fátima Oliveira – Federal University of Minas Gerais (Brazil)
2. Luis Bogado-Poisson – International Migration Organization (Argentina)
3. Maria Inês Barbosa – Federal University of Mato Grosso do Sul, Undersecretary of Affirmative Action, SEPPIR (Brazil)
4. Pascoal Manuel Mocumbi – High Representative, European and Developing Countries Clinical Trials Partnership (Mozambique)
5. Genevesi Ogiogio – Africa Capacity-Building Foundation (Zimbabwe)

Special guest:

Bience Gawanas – Commissioner for Social Affairs, African Union Commission (Namibia)

10. **“Scientific and technological renaissance in Africa and the contribution of the Diaspora”**

Venue: Convention Centre – Oxalá Auditorium II/III

Capacity: 130 seats

Date: 13 July

Moderator:

Henri Hogbe Nlend – Former Minister of Scientific Research and Technology (Cameroon)

Rapporteur:

Bothale Octavia Tema – Director of Human Resources, Science and Technology, African Union Commission (South Africa)

Panel A: **“Scientific and technological exchange between Africa and the Diaspora”**

Time: 9 a.m. – 1 p.m.

1. Amoo Bosede Oyeteju – Lagos State University (Nigeria)
2. Bamidele Ogbe Solomon – National Agency for the Development of Biotechnology (Nigeria)
3. Habiba Bouhamed Chaabouni – University of Tunis (Tunisia)
4. Nagia Essayed – Commissioner, Human Resources, Science and Technology, African Union Commission
5. Pedro Teta – Vice-Minister of Science and Technology (Angola)

Panel B: **“Information society, media and new technologies”**

Time: 3 – 7 p.m.

1. Amadou Thior – film director and screenwriter (Senegal)
2. David Akosa Okongwu – National Agency for the Development of Biotechnology (Nigeria)
3. Eliane Borges – Brazilian Association of Black Researchers (Brazil)
4. Maria Aparecida Moura – Federal University of Minas Gerais (Brazil)
5. Yaye Gassama Dia – Minister of Science and Technology (Senegal)

11. **“The struggle against poverty and the fight against racism, xenophobia and other forms of discrimination”**

Venue: Convention Centre – Oxalá Auditorium IV/V

Capacity: 130 seats

Date: 13 July

Moderator:

Carlos Alberto Medeiros – State Secretary for Human Rights, Rio de Janeiro (Brazil)

Rapporteur:

Ayodele Aderinwale – Executive Director, African Leadership Forum (Nigeria)

Panel A: **“The struggle against poverty and the millennium goals”**

Time: 9 a.m. – 1 p.m.

1. Adebayo Olukoshi – Secretary-General of the Council for the Development of Social Science Research in Africa, CODESRIA (Nigeria)
2. Alpha Condé – historian (Guinea)
3. Maxwell Mkwezalamba – African Union Commissioner for Economic Affairs (Malawi)
4. Mohamed Lamouri – Rabat College of Law, Economics and Social Sciences (Morocco)
5. Njunga M. Mulikita – Head of Department of Political Science, University of Zambia (Zambia)
6. Patrus Ananias – Minister for Social Development and the Struggle Against Hunger (Brazil)
7. Kinfe Abraham – President of the Ethiopian International Institute for Peace and Development (EIIPD)

Panel B: **“The fight against racism, xenophobia and other forms of discrimination: Durban + 5”**

Time: 3 – 7 p.m.

1. Alioune Tine – Secretary-General of RADDHO – Rencontre Africaine des Droits de l’Homme (Senegal)
2. Clare Roberts – Rapporteur of the Inter-American Special Rapport Group on the Right of African Descendants (Antigua and Barbuda)
3. Doudou Diene – Special Rapporteur of the United Nations on Contemporary Forms of Racism (Senegal)
4. Elias Wahab – Lagos State University (Nigeria)
5. Fidelia Graand-Gallon – Maroon Women Network (Suriname)
6. Iba der Thiam – Vice President of the National Assembly (Senegal)
7. Matilde Ribeiro – Minister of Policies for the Promotion of Racial Equality (Brazil)
8. Nuhu Omeiza Yaqub – Vice-Chancellor, University of Abuja (Nigeria)
9. Mohamed Auajjar – Former Minister for Human Rights (Morocco)

Special guest:

Ambassador John Shinkaye – Chief of Staff of the Chairperson of the African Union Commission (Nigeria)

12. **“Africa’s contribution to civilization”**

Venue: Convention Centre – Oxalá Auditorium VI

Capacity: 120 seats

Date: 13 July

Moderator:

Alioune Sall – sociologist and Regional Coordinator of the African Future Programme (Senegal)

Rapporteur:

Eddy Maloka – Director of the Africa Institute of South Africa (South Africa)

Panel A: **“The legacy of ancient African civilizations”**

Time: 9 a.m. – 1 p.m.

1. André Salifou – Former Foreign Minister (Niger)
2. Barhanu Abebe – United Nations Economic Commission for Africa (Ethiopia)
3. Cheikh Mbake Diop – historian (Senegal)
4. Dudley Thompson – Former Ambassador to the African Union (Jamaica)
5. Elisa Larkin Nascimento – Institute of Research and Afro-Brazilian Studies (USA/Brazil)
6. Molefi Kete Asante – Director, African Studies Department, Temple University (USA)
7. Oyeweso Siyan – Lagos State University (Nigeria)

Panel B: **“African Diaspora and the building of the modern world”**

Time: 3 – 7 p.m.

1. Abdalla Bujra – sociologist, former Executive Secretary of CODESRIA (Kenya)
2. Annick Thebia-Melsan – lettres modernes (French Guiana)
3. Carole Boyce-Davies – Florida International University (Trinidad and Tobago)
4. Cecile Eistrup – Consultant for the African Union on Issues of Reparation (Jamaica)
5. Erieka Bennett – Head of the Africa Diaspora Forum, Adviser to the President (Ghana)
6. Massimango Kagabo – Colegio de Mexico (DR Congo)
7. Sheila S. Walker – Spelman College (USA)

Special guests:

1. Mame Birame Diouf – Minister of Culture (Senegal)
2. Boaventura da Silva Cardoso – Minister of Culture (Angola)
3. Jake Obetsebi-Lamptey – Minister of Tourism and of the Diaspora (Ghana)

### **III – Africa and the Diaspora Film Exhibit**

#### 1 – Round Table

#### **“Cinema as a means of building identities in Africa and the Diaspora”**

Venue: Walter da Silveira Theatre

Capacity: 180 seats

Date: 13 July

Time: 8 – 10 p.m.

Moderator:

Celso Luiz Prudente – anthropologist and film-maker (Brazil)

Rapporteur:

Joel Zito Araújo – film-maker (Brazil)

Debaters:

1. Abderrahmane Sissako – director, “Waiting for happiness” (Mauritania)
2. Andrea Basílio – producer, “The hero” (Angola)
3. Antônio Prado – producer, “The day Brazil was here” (Haiti)
4. Idrissa Ouédraogo – director, “Samba Traoré” (Burkina Faso)
5. Leandro Firmino – actor, “Cafundó” (Brazil)
6. Magda Gonji – producer, “Waiting for happiness” (Mauritania)
7. Rigoberto López – director, “Roble de olor” (Cuba)



## ANNEX II

### SALVADOR DECLARATION

WE, the participants of the Second Conference of Intellectuals from Africa and the Diaspora – CIAD II, meeting in Salvador, Bahia, Brazil, from 12 to 14 July, 2006:

RECALLING the First Conference of Intellectuals from Africa and the Diaspora – CIAD I, which took place in Dakar, Senegal, from 6 to 9 October 2004, under the general theme “Africa in the XXI Century: Integration and Renaissance”;

RECOGNIZING that the theme of CIAD II: “The Diaspora and the African Renaissance” builds upon and further consolidates the outcome of the CIAD I;

ACCLAIMING the importance of the participation of the President of the Federative Republic of Brazil, Luiz Inácio Lula da Silva, who opened CIAD II;

ACKNOWLEDGING the equally important participation of the Presidents of Botswana, Cape Verde, Equatorial Guinea, Ghana and Senegal, the Prime Minister of Jamaica, the Vice-President of Tanzania and the Chairperson of the African Union Commission;

SALUTING the active participation of intellectuals and policy-makers, from the various regions of the African continent and the Diaspora;

EXPRESSING appreciation to the Commission of the African Union and the Government of the Federative Republic of Brazil for the organization of CIAD II, which lays the basis for the continued cooperation between the African Union, as the primary continental organization and the countries of the Diaspora;

APPRECIATING the thoroughness of the debates in the three round tables and the twelve thematic groups;

#### AGREE THAT

1. The growing consciousness of the need for a renewed pan-Africanism, with its political, economic, social and cultural dimensions, and the solidarity among the African States assembled in the African Union, are essential elements of the African Renaissance.
2. The African Diaspora, spread across the entire globe, keeps alive the awareness of its African origin and is a significant component of the African cultural and political heritage.
3. A greater engagement of the African Diaspora with its historic African roots will assist in overcoming the challenges communities of African origin face in different countries. Conversely, Africa is poised to benefit from a better organized Diaspora, which can bring its support to the quest for the sustainable development of the continent.
4. The meeting of intellectuals, within the framework of CIAD, fosters and contributes to the engagement of the Diaspora with its historic roots.
5. African development will be expedited through the contribution of the Diaspora.

6. CIAD I and CIAD II have provided an important platform for increasing global understanding of African Renaissance and underscoring the need for maintaining a dialogue among intellectuals from Africa and the Diaspora between the meetings.
7. Africa and the Diaspora must consciously work for the sustainable, accountable and responsible management, as well as the equitable distribution of national resources. This is only possible in a system of governance that is inclusive and participatory and that respects human rights and cultural diversity.

#### **DECLARE THAT**

- I. CIAD II reiterates the call to the African leaders for the Diaspora to be considered the sixth region of the continent.
- II. The African Union should promote activities of the Diaspora as an important component in the building of the African Union and to strengthen and support the existing Directorate of Civil Society and Diaspora relations (CIDO) in the African Union that deals with the contacts with communities of African origin in other countries.
- III. African countries and communities of the Diaspora should support the work of the Directorate in particular and the African Union Diaspora Initiative in general.
- IV. The African Union Commission should establish a Steering Committee of intellectuals which would assist the Commission of the African Union in considering the modalities and legal status for the establishment of a Permanent Secretariat, as recommended by CIAD I, held in Dakar.
- V. In the best tradition of intellectual inquiry with social responsibility, the Steering Committee should forge strategic cooperation among the intellectuals and policy-makers in Africa and the Diaspora, through organized and sustainable mechanisms. The Steering Committee would also propose modalities for coordinating research, teaching, dialogue and other intellectual activities of strategic interest to advance the Renaissance of Africa and to integrate these activities with those of the African Union and the various interstate initiatives.
- VI. In line with previous resolutions, the African Union should, in consultation with all partners, move towards the creation of institutional mechanisms which could serve as points of reference for enhanced cooperation among intellectual and artistic organizations and institutions of Africa and the Diaspora; promote, among others, sectoral activities, scientific projects, seminars, artistic events and youth meetings; strengthen and foster pan-Africanism.
- VII. The decision of the Government of the Federative Republic of Brazil to contribute to the establishment of such mechanisms is warmly welcomed by CIAD II.
- VIII. The United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) should include, in its Programme and Budget for the 2008-2009 biennium, as well as in its Medium-Term Strategy for 2008-2013, support to the CIAD II follow-up activities and other initiatives that foster closer ties between Africa and the Diaspora.
- IX. The Commission of the African Union should forge, with relevant institutions, such as the International Organization of the Francophonie (OIF), the Commonwealth Secretariat, and the Community of Portuguese-Speaking Countries (CPLP), strategic partnerships designed to mobilize support for the CIAD process, including follow-up activities to CIAD I and II.

- X. CIAD I and II are marks of closer relations among African countries and countries of the Diaspora and testifies to the growing importance of the place of Africa in the world.
- XI. CIAD II recognizes the essential role played by women in the African Renaissance. Thus, the solidarity between Africa and the Diaspora should be reinforced by the creation of a network of intellectuals, to articulate and defend women's rights and privileges. Furthermore, women from the Diaspora should be encouraged to join pan-African movements led by African women. CIAD II calls upon black women intellectuals to appropriate and disseminate accurate information about women, both in their countries and abroad.
- XII. CIAD II, taking into consideration the legitimate demands of the people of African descent, reiterates the importance of universal access to education as an instrument for the correction of historical inequities. Aligned with the initiatives undertaken in this sense by the Government of Brazil, CIAD II declares support for quotas, affirmative action programmes and other related mechanisms.
- XIII. The realization of the African Renaissance is an essential element to ensure that the twenty-first century starts an era in which all peoples and countries share the benefits of wealth and culture, in full respect of the dignity, rights and values of children, women, elders and men of all ethnicities and beliefs.